# CITY OF MOUNTAIN VIEW RESOLUTION NO. 18119 SERIES 2016

# A RESOLUTION ADOPTING THE UNIVERSAL DECLARATION OF HUMAN RIGHTS AS GUIDING PRINCIPLES AND DECLARING THE CITY OF MOUNTAIN VIEW TO BE A HUMAN RIGHTS CITY

WHEREAS, the City of Mountain View ("City") takes great pride in the diversity of its residents; and

WHEREAS, the City promotes citizen engagement, ethics, and the dignity of all; and

WHEREAS, the City is committed to the fostering of mutual understanding, and promoting respect, inclusiveness, and involvement; and

WHEREAS, the City aspires to be a leader among cities in advancing human rights and human dignity; and

WHEREAS, the Human Relations Commission of the City of Mountain View has recommended that the City Council adopt the Universal Declaration of Human Rights, promulgated by the United Nations General Assembly on December 10, 1948, and signed and agreed to by all countries, including the United States, and December 10 is recognized as Human Rights Day; and

WHEREAS, the principles set forth in the Universal Declaration of Human Rights should guide the spirit of the laws, practices, and policies carried out with and on behalf of the residents of Mountain View; and

WHEREAS, a Human Rights City is one whose residents and local authorities, through regular discussions and creative exchanges of ideas, come to understand that human rights, when widely known as a way of life, assist in identifying the issues and informs the actions in our community for meaningful social change; and

WHEREAS, developing a Human Rights City builds infrastructure for conflict prevention, human security, sustainable development, active civic engagement, and transparent government;

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED by the City Council of the City of Mountain View that the City Council hereby adopts the Universal Declaration of Human Rights as guiding principles.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the City of Mountain View declares itself a Human Rights City, explicitly embracing the principles of equality, inclusion, respect, involvement, and the recognition of human dignity.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED by the City Council that the Mountain View City Manager is hereby authorized and directed to send copies of this resolution to the United Nations High Commissioner for Human Rights and to the national and international offices of the Peoples Decade for Human Rights Education.

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The foregoing Resolution was regularly introduced and adopted at a Regular Meeting of the City Council of the City of Mountain View, duly held on the 13th day of December 2016, by the following vote:

AYES:

Councilmembers Clark, Inks, Kasperzak, McAlister, Siegel, Vice Mayor Rosenberg, and Mayor Showalter

NOES: None

ABSENT: None

ATTEST:

LORRIE BREWER, MMC CITY ØLERK

**APPROVED:** 

PATRICIA SHOWALTER MAYOR

I do hereby certify that the foregoing resolution was passed and adopted by the City Council of the City of Mountain View at a Regular Meeting held on the 13th day of December 2016, by the foregoing vote.

use 0 121 City Clerk

City of Mountain View

CG/3/RESO 608-12-13-16r-E

Exhibit: A. Universal Declaration of Human Rights

# Exhibit A

# UNIVERSAL DECLARATION OF HUMAN RIGHTS

# PREAMBLE

Whereas recognition of the inherent dignity and of the equal and inalienable rights of all members of the human family is the foundation of freedom, justice and peace in the world,

Whereas disregard and contempt for human rights have resulted in barbarous acts which have outraged the conscience of mankind, and the advent of a world in which human beings shall enjoy freedom of speech and belief and freedom from fear and want has been proclaimed as the highest aspiration of the common people,

Whereas it is essential, if man is not to be compelled to have recourse, as a last resort, to rebellion against tyranny and oppression, that human rights should be protected by the rule of law,

Whereas it is essential to promote the development of friendly relations between nations,

Whereas the peoples of the United Nations have in the Charter reaffirmed their faith in fundamental human rights, in the dignity and worth of the human person and in the equal rights of men and women and have determined to promote social progress and better standards of life in larger freedom,

Whereas Member States have pledged themselves to achieve, in co-operation with the United Nations, the promotion of universal respect for and observance of human rights and fundamental freedoms,

Whereas a common understanding of these rights and freedoms is of the greatest importance for the full realization of this pledge,

Now, Therefore THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY proclaims THIS UNIVERSAL DECLARATION OF HUMAN RIGHTS as a common standard of achievement for all peoples and all nations, to the end that every individual and every organ of society, keeping this Declaration constantly in mind, shall strive by teaching and education to promote respect for these rights and freedoms and by progressive measures, national and international, to secure their universal and effective recognition and observance, both among the peoples of Member States themselves and among the peoples of territories under their jurisdiction.

#### Article 1.

 All human beings are born free and equal in dignity and rights. They are endowed with reason and conscience and should act towards one another in a spirit of brotherhood.

# Article 2.

 Everyone is entitled to all the rights and freedoms set forth in this Declaration, without distinction of any kind, such as race, colour, sex, language, religion, political or other opinion, national or social origin, property, birth or other status. Furthermore, no distinction shall be made on the basis of the political, jurisdictional or international status of the country or territory to which a person belongs, whether it be independent, trust, non-self-governing or under any other limitation of sovereignty.

### Article 3.

Everyone has the right to life, liberty and security of person.

### Article 4.

 No one shall be held in slavery or servitude; slavery and the slave trade shall be prohibited in all their forms.

# Article 5.

No one shall be subjected to torture or to cruel, inhuman or degrading treatment or punishment.

#### Article 6.

Everyone has the right to recognition everywhere as a person before the law.

## Article 7.

All are equal before the law and are entitled without any discrimination to equal protection of the law.
 All are entitled to equal protection against any discrimination in violation of this Declaration and against any incitement to such discrimination.

#### Article 8.

• Everyone has the right to an effective remedy by the competent national tribunals for acts violating the fundamental rights granted him by the constitution or by law.

#### Article 9.

No one shall be subjected to arbitrary arrest, detention or exile.

# Article 10.

• Everyone is entitled in full equality to a fair and public hearing by an independent and impartial tribunal, in the determination of his rights and obligations and of any criminal charge against him.

# Article 11.

- (1) Everyone charged with a penal offence has the right to be presumed innocent until proved guilty
  according to law in a public trial at which he has had all the guarantees necessary for his defence.
- (2) No one shall be held guilty of any penal offence on account of any act or omission which did not
  constitute a penal offence, under national or international law, at the time when it was committed. Nor
  shall a heavier penalty be imposed than the one that was applicable at the time the penal offence was
  committed.

#### Article 12.

 No one shall be subjected to arbitrary interference with his privacy, family, home or correspondence, nor to attacks upon his honour and reputation. Everyone has the right to the protection of the law against such interference or attacks.

# Article 13.

- (1) Everyone has the right to freedom of movement and residence within the borders of each state.
- (2) Everyone has the right to leave any country, including his own, and to return to his country.

### Article 14.

- (1) Everyone has the right to seek and to enjoy in other countries asylum from persecution.
- (2) This right may not be invoked in the case of prosecutions genuinely arising from non-political crimes or from acts contrary to the purposes and principles of the United Nations.

# Article 15.

- (1) Everyone has the right to a nationality.
- (2) No one shall be arbitrarily deprived of his nationality nor denied the right to change his nationality.

## Article 16.

- (1) Men and women of full age, without any limitation due to race, nationality or religion, have the right to marry and to found a family. They are entitled to equal rights as to marriage, during marriage and at its dissolution.
- (2) Marriage shall be entered into only with the free and full consent of the intending spouses.
- (3) The family is the natural and fundamental group unit of society and is entitled to protection by society and the State.

#### Article 17.

- (1) Everyone has the right to own property alone as well as in association with others.
- (2) No one shall be arbitrarily deprived of his property.

#### Article 18.

 Everyone has the right to freedom of thought, conscience and religion; this right includes freedom to change his religion or belief, and freedom, either alone or in community with others and in public or private, to manifest his religion or belief in teaching, practice, worship and observance.

#### Article 19.

Everyone has the right to freedom of opinion and expression; this right includes freedom to hold
opinions without interference and to seek, receive and impart information and ideas through any
media and regardless of frontiers.

# Article 20.

- (1) Everyone has the right to freedom of peaceful assembly and association.
- (2) No one may be compelled to belong to an association.

### Article 21.

 (1) Everyone has the right to take part in the government of his country, directly or through freely chosen representatives.

- (2) Everyone has the right of equal access to public service in his country.
- (3) The will of the people shall be the basis of the authority of government; this will shall be expressed in periodic and genuine elections which shall be by universal and equal suffrage and shall be held by secret vote or by equivalent free voting procedures.

# Article 22.

 Everyone, as a member of society, has the right to social security and is entitled to realization, through national effort and international co-operation and in accordance with the organization and resources of each State, of the economic, social and cultural rights indispensable for his dignity and the free development of his personality.

#### Article 23.

- (1) Everyone has the right to work, to free choice of employment, to just and favourable conditions of work and to protection against unemployment.
- (2) Everyone, without any discrimination, has the right to equal pay for equal work.
- (3) Everyone who works has the right to just and favourable remuneration ensuring for himself and his
  family an existence worthy of human dignity, and supplemented, if necessary, by other means of
  social protection.
- (4) Everyone has the right to form and to join trade unions for the protection of his interests.

#### Article 24.

 Everyone has the right to rest and leisure, including reasonable limitation of working hours and periodic holidays with pay.

### Article 25.

- (1) Everyone has the right to a standard of living adequate for the health and well-being of himself and
  of his family, including food, clothing, housing and medical care and necessary social services, and
  the right to security in the event of unemployment, sickness, disability, widowhood, old age or other
  lack of livelihood in circumstances beyond his control.
- (2) Motherhood and childhood are entitled to special care and assistance. All children, whether born in
  or out of wedlock, shall enjoy the same social protection.

#### Article 26.

- (1) Everyone has the right to education. Education shall be free, at least in the elementary and fundamental stages. Elementary education shall be compulsory. Technical and professional education shall be made generally available and higher education shall be equally accessible to all on the basis of merit.
- (2) Education shall be directed to the full development of the human personality and to the strengthening of respect for human rights and fundamental freedoms. It shall promote understanding, tolerance and friendship among all nations, racial or religious groups, and shall further the activities of the United Nations for the maintenance of peace.
- (3) Parents have a prior right to choose the kind of education that shall be given to their children.

#### Article 27.

 (1) Everyone has the right freely to participate in the cultural life of the community, to enjoy the arts and to share in scientific advancement and its benefits.  (2) Everyone has the right to the protection of the moral and material interests resulting from any scientific, literary or artistic production of which he is the author.

# Article 28.

• Everyone is entitled to a social and international order in which the rights and freedoms set forth in this Declaration can be fully realized.

# Article 29.

- (1) Everyone has duties to the community in which alone the free and full development of his personality is possible.
- (2) In the exercise of his rights and freedoms, everyone shall be subject only to such limitations as are determined by law solely for the purpose of securing due recognition and respect for the rights and freedoms of others and of meeting the just requirements of morality, public order and the general welfare in a democratic society.
- (3) These rights and freedoms may in no case be exercised contrary to the purposes and principles of the United Nations.

### Article 30.

Nothing in this Declaration may be interpreted as implying for any State, group or person any right to
engage in any activity or to perform any act aimed at the destruction of any of the rights and freedoms
set forth herein.

### Source:

United Nations, retrieved from http://www.un.org/en/documents/udhr/index.shtml

